Udaya Public School, Ayodhya
Summative Assessment -2
Timing : 3:00 Hours **Subject: Social Studies Class- VIII** **M.M : - 80**

I. The question paper comprises five Parts: Section A, B, C,D and E.
II. Section A comprises of 4x5 questions, one marks each.
III. Section B comprises of 8 questions, two marks each.
IV. Section C comprises of 5 questions, three marks each.
V. Section D contains 6 questions, four marks each.
VI. Section E: Map work. For the map based questions, an outline map of India is provided. After completing the work, attach the map inside your answer book.

Section A
[1x20=20]

1. Choose the correct option:

a. Which category of the punishment is not included in criminal justice system?
A. Fines. B. Deaths. C. Life imprisonment. D. Public execution

b. Article 17 of the Indian constitution comes under
A. Domestic Violence Act 2005. B. Right to freedom. C. Child Labour Act 1986. D. Rule of law

c. Who gave the mantra of 'Do or Die' to the people of India?
A. Netaji Subash Chandra Bose. B. Mahatma Gandhi. C. Jawaharlal Nehru. D. Muhammad Ali Jinnah

d. With whose help did Jamshedji take to set up India's first iron and steel plant?
A. CM Weld. B. Lord Chelmsford. C. Charles Page Perin. D. Dorabji Tata

e. During the revolt or 1857, the British Governor General of India was
A. Lord Dalhousie. B. Lord Hastings. C. Lord Canning. D. Lord Lytton.

2. State whether true or false:-

a. Under the policy of Paramountcy Jhansi was annexed by Lord Dalhousie ( )
b. The First Five- Year Plan under Planning Commission was launched on 1 April 1951. ( )
c. In mixed farming, crop cultivation and animal rearing is practiced on the same farm. ( )
d. The breeding of fish in especially constructed tanks and ponds is known as Apiculture. ( )
e. Jhum cultivation is also known as Slash and burn method. ( )

3. Fill in the blanks:-

a. The announcement of transfer of the capital of the British India from Calcutta to Delhi was made by _____.
b. Article ____ of the constitution guarantees the Right to Life.
c. The term _____ refers to communities which are smaller in numbers than the larger groups in the total population.
d. _____ industries are owned and managed by the Central or State governments or their agencies.
e. _____ committee was formed to draft the Indian constitution.

4. Answer the following questions in one word:-

a. Industries owned and managed jointly by private companies and government agencies is:
b. What is the commercial rearing of silkworm called?
c. After the revolt of 1857, the Governor Generals were retitled as what?
d. Who invented the Spinning Jenny in 1764, which increased the productivity of traditional spindles?
e. When and where was the first cotton mill set up in India?

Section B
[2x8=16]

5. Very short answer type questions.

a. Give two features of the tribal society at the beginning of the 19th century.
b. What do we mean when we speak of law enforcement?
c. After which Mughal ruler was one of the capital cities of Delhi named ?
d. How cultural factors affect the distribution of population in a region?
e. Name any two buildings of new Delhi built by the British Architecture.
f. How can you say that the revolt of 1857 was not a sudden occurrence?
g. List five most populated countries in the world and five most populated states in India.
h. What is the meaning of the term confronting Marginalization ?

Section C
[3x5=15]

6. Answer the following questions.

a. List the administrative changes introduced by British Parliament after the Revolt.
b. What do you understand by Judiciary ? What is the importance of Courts in India?
c. What are the most basic factors of population distribution in the world?
d. Describe the series of events that led to the Civil Disobedience Movement?
e. Describe three features of the Adivasi community that have made them a marginalized section of Indian society.

Section D
[4x6=24]

7. Long answer type questions

a. Why does population density different in different parts of the world?
b. Analyze the role of the government in protecting the rights of the minorities in India.
c. What changes were introduced in the Indian education system by the British after 1854 ?
d. What are the various laws framed by the government to improve the conditions of the skilled and unskilled labour?
e. What is an FIR? How can it be filled and where?
f. How important in Macaulay's "Minute" in the history of Indian education? Explain any four.

Section E [Map Work]
[1x5=5]

8. Locate the following in the given map of India:-

i. Lucknow ii. State with highest literacy rate in India iii. Gwalior iv. Meerut v. The silicon valley of India